

# YOUNG\* VILLAGE FOLK

\* Foods from Young Roots \* Hrana iz mladih korenin

Young farmers in the EU  
Mladi kmetje v EU



"The greatest reward for human efforts is not what we get for it, but what we become."

John Ruskin

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»Največja nagrada za človekov trud ni tisto, kar bo zanj dobil, temveč tisto, kar bo postal.«

John Ruskin

## Opportunities for young people in food production Priložnosti za mlade v pridelavi hrane

How can a young person provide survival in today's time, when we still have not been able to change our views, systems, habits, opinions on what kind of professions our society needs in the future? Food is a strategic raw material of our future. Climate changes, the growing population, etc., remind us that the food situation can quickly change. In the EU, there are only 7.5 percent of young farmers. The majority is older than 50 years, which means that their jobs will be dead in the next 10 to 15 years, especially if they have no successors. With all of this, I see many opportunities to create new jobs for young people in food production. Young people follow new technologies, innovations and bring added value to the conservative, traditional jobs of their ancestors. In this way they can provide survival and produce food that is becoming more and more important. Without it, man cannot survive; we need it every day, and it is a strategic raw material of our future.

Barbara Zrimšek,  
editor and host of *Young Village Folk* broadcasts



Kako si mlad človek lahko zagotovi preživetje v današnjem času, ko še vedno nismo uspeli spremeniti naših pogledov, sistemov, navad, mišljenja o tem kakšne poklice naša družba potrebuje v prihodnosti? Hrana je strateška surovina naše prihodnosti. Podnebne spremembe, naraščanje prebivalstva na globalnem nivoju,... nas opominjajo, da se razmere v preskrbi s hrano lahko spremenijo v zelo kratkem času. V EU je le 7,5 odstotka mladih kmetov. Večina je starejših od 50 let, kar pomeni, da bodo njihova delovna mesta zamrla v naslednjih 10 do 15-ih letih, še posebej če nimajo naslednikov. Ob vsem tem vidim veliko priložnosti za ustvarjanje novih delovnih mest za mlade v pridelavi hrane. Mladi sledijo novim tehnologijam, inovacijam in prinašajo dodano vrednost morda konservativnim, tradicionalnim delovnim mestom svojih prednikov. Na ta način si lahko zagotovijo preživetje in pridelujejo hrano, ki postaja vedno bolj pomembna. Brez nje človek ne more preživeti, potrebuje jo vsak dan, je strateška surovina naše prihodnosti.

Barbara Zrimšek,  
urednica in voditeljica oddaj *Young Village Folk*



## About Young Village Folk "Foods from Young Roots"

Young farmers are new environmentalists, is believed by the European Young Farmers Organization. They are aware of the sustainable agricultural problems, challenges and their role in protecting the natural environment. At the same time they are convinced that their work on the farm must be recognized as a public good - that they are not only food producers, but those who keep the world. They are innovative, motivated, open to new paths and full of ideas on how to give the farm a special stamp, which is why the young farmers are strategically important for the future of the European agriculture.

The mission of the Young Village Folk Project - Foods from Young Roots is to highlight the good examples of young farmers who, with courageous, but deliberate decisions, stepped onto the path of new challenges in food production and the creation of new green jobs. At the same time with the stories of young farmers from eight European countries, the association is sending the young people the message that they can look for their future with innovative ideas in food production, thereby helping to provide a strategic raw material of the future. An important part of the project is the awareness-raising multimedia platform [www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk](http://www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk), aimed at promoting the stories of young farmers and raising awareness of young people about their role in the future of the European agriculture.

The project is co-financed by the European Commission and is implemented in the framework of information on the Common European Policy in 28 EU countries. Project partners come from Slovenia (Television RTV Slovenia), Croatia (Television Agricultural TV) and Finland (Online newspaper Maaseutu Media).

## O projektu Young Village Folk »Hrana iz mladih korenin«

Mladi kmetje so novi okoljevarstveniki, so prepričani v Evropskem združenju mladih kmetov. Zavedajo se trajnostnih kmetijskih problemov in izzivov ter svoje vloge pri varovanju naravnega okolja. Hkrati so prepričani, da mora biti njihovo delo na kmetiji prepoznamo kot javno dobro – da niso le pridelovalci hrane, ampak tisti, ki hranijo svet. So inovativni, motivirani, odprtvi za nove poti in polni idej, kako kmetiji dati poseben pečat. Prav zato so mladi kmetje strateškega pomena za prihodnost evropskega kmetijstva.

Poslanstvo projekta Young Village Folk – Hrana iz mladih korenin je izpostaviti dobre primere mladih kmetov, ki so s pogumnimi, a premišljenimi odločtvami stopili na pot novih izzivov v pridelavi hrane in ustvarjanju novih zelenih delovnih mest. Hkrati z zgodbami mladih kmetov iz osmih evropskih držav mladim sporoča, da lahko svojo prihodnost z inovativnimi idejami iščejo v pridelavi hrane in s tem pripomorejo k zagotavljanju strateške surovine prihodnosti. Pomemben del projekta je ozaveščevalna multimedija platforma [www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk](http://www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk), namenjena promociji zgodb mladih kmetov in ozaveščanju mladih o njihovi vlogi v prihodnosti evropskega kmetijstva.

Projekt je sofinanciran s strani Evropske komisije in se izvaja v sklopu informiranja o Skupni evropski politiki v 28 državah

EU. Projektni partnerji prihajajo iz Slovenije (televizija RTV Slovenija), Hrvaške (televizija Poljoprivredna TV) in Finske (spletni časopis Maaseutu Media).



## Young farmers in the EU



European farmers provide a stable food supply to more than 500 million Europeans.

Some 174 million hectares of agricultural land are used in the EU-28, which is about as many as 238 million football fields.

The total number of farms in the EU has decreased by more than a quarter in the last decade.

About 44 million jobs in the EU in the field of food processing, food retailing and food services depend on agriculture.

Most farms in the EU-28 are managed by farmers aged 65 and over.

Agriculture is a sector where most people work even after the age 65.

Only 6% of farms in Europe are run by young farmers aged less than 35 years.

Young farmers tend to be more inclined to run economically larger and more successful farms.

In carrying out agricultural practices, young farmers put environmental protection, preservation of biodiversity and mitigation of climate changes at the forefront.

## Mladi kmetje v EU

Evropski kmetje zagotavljajo stabilno preskrbo s hrano več kot 500 milijonom Evropejcev.

V EU-28 je v uporabi okoli 174 milijonov hektarjev kmetijskih površin, kar je približno toliko kot dobrih 238 milijonov nogometnih igrišč.

Skupno število kmetij v EU se je v zadnjem desetletju zmanjšalo za več kot četrtino.

Okoli 44 milijonov delovnih mest v EU na področju predelave hrane, maloprodaje hrane in prehrambnih storitev je odvisnih od kmetijstva.



Največ kmetij v EU-28 upravlja kmetje, starejši od 65 let.

Kmetijstvo je sektor, kjer največ ljudi dela tudi po 65 letu starosti.

Samo 6 % kmetij v Evropi vodijo mladi kmetje, stari manj kot 35 let.

Mladi kmetje se v večji meri nagibajo k temu, da vodijo ekonomsko veče in uspešnejše kmetije.

Mladi kmetje pri izvajanju kmetijskih praks v ospredje postavljajo varovanje okolja, ohranjanje biodiverzitete in ublažitev podnebnih sprememb.

## Challenges of young farmers in the EU

Difficult access to agricultural land for the purchase or hire.

Obtaining adequate financial support for the takeover or commencement of a farm.

High initial investments and low financial inflows in the first year of operations.

Climate changes.

Providing quality food while preserving the natural environment.

Reduced attractiveness of employment in the agricultural sector.

Lack of skilled workforce.

The need to integrate with the entire agricultural chain.

## EU support schemes for young farmers

*Common EU agricultural policy:*

- For young farmers who open their first agricultural company and are 40 years old or less at the time of application.
- Additional support (CAP) - state authorities must offer young farmers a 25% bonus for direct financial assistance during the first five years of work in the agricultural sector.
- Young farmers have priority in the financing of direct payments from the national or regional reserve.

*European Innovation Partnership (EIP-AGRI):* promotes the use of innovative techniques to increase production and reduce costs in the agricultural sector through a number of programs.

*Additional actions at the level of individual Member States - national or regional development programs.* Information is available at the responsible ministry for each country.



## Izzivi mladih kmetov v EU

Težek dostop do kmetijskega zemljišča za nakup ali najem.

Pridobitev ustrezne finančne podpore za prevzem ali začetek kmetije.

Visoke začetne investicije in nizki finančni prilivi v prvem letu poslovanja.

Podnebne spremembe.

Zagotavljanje kakovostne hrane z ohranjanjem naravnega okolja.

Zmanjšana atraktivnost zaposlenosti v kmetijskem sektorju.

Pomanjkanje kvalificirane delovne sile.

Potreba po integraciji s celotno kmetijsko verigo.

## Podporne sheme EU za mlade kmete

*Skupna kmetijska politika EU:*

- Za mlade kmete, ki odpirajo svoje prvo kmetijsko podjetje in so v času prijave stari 40 let ali manj.
- Dodatna podpora (CAP ali SKP) – državni organi morajo mladim kmetom ponuditi 25 % bonus za neposredno finančno pomoč v prvih petih letih dela v kmetijskem sektorju.
- Mladi kmetje imajo prednost pri financiranju neposrednih plačil iz nacionalne ali regionalne rezerve.

*Evropsko partnerstvo za inovacije (EIP-AGRI):* s številnimi programi spodbujajo uporabo inovativnih tehnik za povečanje proizvodnje in zmanjšanje stroškov v kmetijskem sektorju.

*Dodatni ukrepi na ravni posameznih držav članic – nacionalni ali regionalni razvojni programi.* Informacije so na voljo pri odgovornem ministrstvu za posamezno državo.

## Goat farm with no competition in Europe

A sample model of a goat farm, which uses innovative technologies for farming, unique in Europe. They breed an Austrian breed of goats from Germany, from which fresh goat's milk and cheese are obtained. Young farmers Kermo and Linda were in 2016 named the most innovative young farmers in Estonia. Their farm is very much connected with computer technology, especially in the case of goat milking. The technology, used to dry the hay, makes it possible to retain the useful ingredients in the hay, which gives better hay milk and at the same time makes it easier for the young farmer to work; it is a self-regulating system with humidity and temperature sensors. Depending on the current weather conditions, the system adjusts the pumping of air for drying. In good weather the air is pumped from the outside, and at night and when the humid outdoor air is used, the interior air is used for drying.



»It's not enough to only know how to milk and feed the goats. If you do not know enough about financing and sales, you cannot do business.« Young farmers Kermo and Linda

## Kozja farma, ki ji v Evropi ni enake

Vzorčni model kozje farme, ki za kmetovanje uporablja inovativne tehnologije, edinstvene v Evropi. Vzrejajo turinško pasmo koz iz Nemčije, iz katerih pridobivajo sveže kozje mleko in delajo kozji sir. Mlada kmetka Kermo in Linda sta v letu 2016 prejela naziv za najbolj inovativna mlada kmetka v Estoniji. Njuna kmetija je zelo povezano z računalniško tehnologijo, predvsem pri molži koz. Tehnologija, ki jo uporablja za sušenje sena, omogoča ohranjanje koristnih sestavin v senu, kar daje boljše seneno mleko in hkrati olajša delo mlademu kmetu. Gre za sistem s samoregulacijo, s tipali za vlago in temperaturo. Glede na trenutne vremenske razmere sistem prilagaja črpanje zraka za sušenje. Ob lepem vremenu se zrak črpa od zunaj, ponoči in ob vlažnem zunanjem zraku pa se za sušenje uporabi notranji zrak.



»Ni dovolj, da znaš samo molsti in krmiti koze. Če ne veš dovolj o financiraju in prodaji, ne moreš poslovati.« Mlada kmetka Kermo in Linda

## From cows and bulls to bison

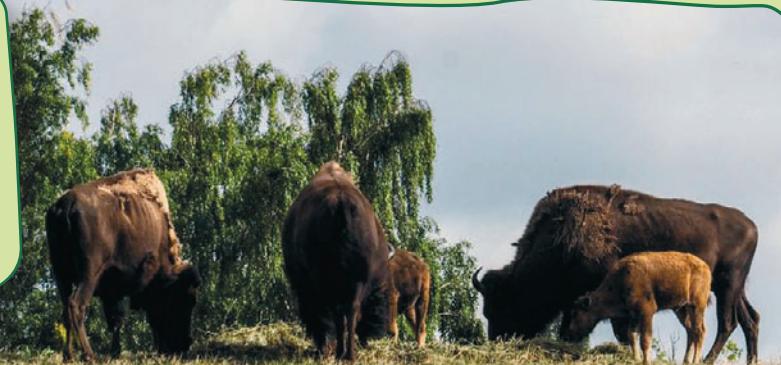
Young farmers Simon and Jennie, together with Simon's grandfather, replaced the cow and bull farm with bison. The beginnings were difficult, since the Swedes were sceptical of the bison meat, however, now more and more people and restaurants are enjoying it. Bison meat is very tasty and healthy. They have their own slaughterhouse, a shop where they sell various buffalo products (meat, leather, etc.) and a snack bar where guests can enjoy a culinary delicacy - a hamburger with bison meat. The specialty of the farm is the tourist offer of safari with bison. Visitors are taken around the farm and presented with the life of bison and stories about them, which is especially interesting for schools. Three years ago they had 5000 visitors per year, last year already 13,000, and this year as many as 20,000. In the future, the young farmers want to enrich their farm with other species of animals, including autochthonous Swedish pigs, the Linderöd pigs, which they have already brought to the farm.

»The beginnings were difficult because the Swedes were sceptical of the buffalo meat, but now more and more people are enjoying it.« Young farmers Simon and Jennie



## Od krav in bikov k bizonom ..

Mlada kmeta Simon in Jennie sta skupaj s Simonovim dedom farmo krav in bikov zamenjala z bizoni. Začetki so bili težki, saj so bili Švedi skeptični do mesa bizonov, sedaj pa vse več ljudi in restavracij posega po njem. Bizonovo meso je namreč zelo okusno in zdravo. Na posestvu farme imata lastno klavnico, trgovino, kjer prodajata različne bizonove izdelke (meso, usnje idr.) in okrepčevalnico, kjer gostom postrežejo s kulinarično poslastico – hamburgerjem z bizonovim mesom. Posebnost farme je turistična ponudba safari z bizoni. Obiskovalce popeljejo po farmi in jim predstavijo življenje bizonov in zgodbe o njih, kar je še posebej zanimivo za šole. Pred tremi leti so imeli 5.000 obiskovalcev na leto, lani že 13.000, letos pa kar 20.000. Svojo kmetijo želita mlada kmeta v prihodnje obogatiti še z drugimi vrstami živalmi, med katerimi so tudi avtohtone švedske svinje, t. j. linderödske prašiče, ki sta ga že pripeljala na kmetijo.

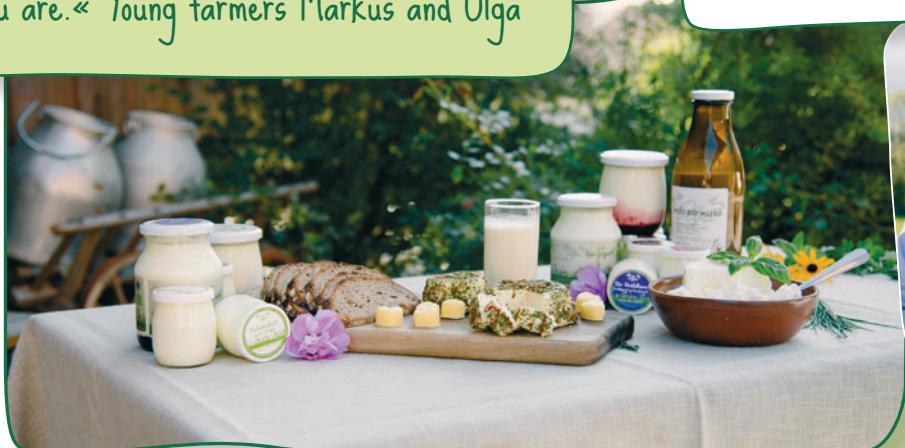


»Začetki so bili težki, saj so bili Švedi skeptični do mesa bizonov, sedaj vse več ljudi posega po njem.« Mlada kmeta Simon in Jennie

## By listening to consumers toward innovative products

The young farmers Markus and Olga lead a small livestock farm near Klagenfurt. On the farm they carry out direct sales of fresh organic milk and dairy products. Their openness and ear for the consumers' wishes constantly lead them toward the development of novelties. Years ago, a modern hay dryer was installed, which allows them to produce hay milk. The investment was carried out with financial assistance for young acquirers and investment support. Austria also promotes investments on farms through the fiscal policy. Annually they produce around 90 thousand litres of milk, of which 25 thousand are sold to dairies. About 60 thousand litres of milk are processed into various dairy products, such as yogurt and curd, for which the farm is specialized. At the beginning the fresh milk was delivered to customers' home, whereas now they offer it daily from an automated milk machine that is on the farm. The purchase of the milk machine was made possible by the buyers themselves, since they bought the credits for the purchase of the milk in advance.

»The more you are entrepreneurial, the more development-oriented and open to new ideas you are.« Young farmers Markus and Olga



## S posluhom potrošnikov do inovativnih izdelkov

Mlada kmeta Markus in Olga vodita manjšo živinorejsko kmetijo blizu Celovca. Na kmetiji izvajajo neposredno prodajo svežega ekološkega mleka in mlečnih izdelkov. Njihova odprtost in posluh za potrošnikove želje jih nenehno vodi v razvoj novosti. Pred leti so postavili sodobno sušilnico sena, kar jim omogoča pridelavo senenega mleka. Naložbo so izpeljali z denarno pomočjo za mlade prevzemnike in investicijsko podporo. Avstrija naložbe na kmetijah spodbuja tudi z davčno politiko. Letno pridelajo okoli 90 tisoč litrov mleka, od tega ga 25 tisoč še vedno prodajo mlekarni. Okoli 60 tisoč litrov mleka predelajo v različne mlečne izdelke, kot so jogurti in skuta, za kar so se na kmetiji tudi specializirali. Na začetku so sveže mleko kupcem dostavljali na dom, sedaj jim ga dnevno ponujajo na mlekomatu, ki stoji na kmetiji. Nakup mlekomata so omogočili kupci sami, saj so vnaprej zakupili dobropise za nakup mleka.

»Bolj kot si podjetniški, bolj si razvojno usmerjen in odprt za nove ideje.« Mlada kmeta Markus in Olga



## From amateurism to brand chili products

The farm is known for its plantation of chilies, from which they produce a variety of chili sauces and other products, known under the trademark Čili Frik. At the home farm, the young farmer Matic, the recipient of the recognition of the most innovative young farmer in Slovenia in 2017, already has about 800 seedlings of 20 different kinds of chilies from all over the world. In addition to chillies, the farm also deals with beekeeping, the production of milling products, where the emphasis is mainly on gluten free flour, and wine-making, where innovative approaches are introduced. In recent years, the farm has been turned into an organic farm with a certificate. The young farmer Matic puts the wine with the addition of spicy chili, called Chilli Wine, first as it received three awards at one of the most prestigious wine competitions in New York. In the home town of Šmarje pri Jelšah, he organized the largest festival of spicy food in Slovenia. Čili Frik products are present in pizzerias, inns and boutiques all over Slovenia.



»We try to preserve the old ethnological ways of cultivation, so most of the work is still carried out manually, together with the help of our good neighbours and friends.«  
Young farmer Matic

## Od ljubiteljstva do blagovne znamke čili izdelkov

Kmetija je znana predvsem po svojem nasadu čilijev, iz katerih proizvajajo raznovrstne čili omake in druge izdelke, zname pod blagovno znamko Čili Frik. Na domači kmetiji mladi kmet Matic, prejemnik priznanja najbolj inovativni mladi kmet v Sloveniji v letu 2017, v rastlinjaku goji že okoli 800 sadik 20 različnih vrst čilija iz celega sveta. Poleg čilijev se na kmetiji ukvarjajo tudi s čebelarstvom, pridelavo mlevskih proizvodov, kjer dajejo poudarek predvsem brez glutenski moki, ter z vinarstvom, kamor vnašajo inovativne pristope. Kmetijo so v zadnjih letih preusmerili v ekološko kmetijo s certifikatom. Mladi kmet Matic med inovacijami kmetije na prvo mesto postavlja vino z dodatkom pikantnega čilija Chilli Wine. Zanj so v New Yorku na enem najprestižnejših tekmovanj vin prejeli tri odličja. V domačem kraju Šmarje pri Jelšah je organiziral največji festival pikantne hrane v Sloveniji. Izdelki Čili Frik so prisotni v picerijah, gostiščih in butikih po vsej Sloveniji.



»Skušamo ohranjati stare etnološke načine pridelovanja, tako večino del še vedno izvajamo ročno, skupaj z našimi dobrimi sosedji in prijatelji.« Mladi kmet Matic

## United in direct sales to customers

Laidun Hereford is a trademark behind which quality beef from young Finnish farmers is hiding. They joined in the direct sale of beef, with higher added value of the price. Young farmers Jussi Harju and Jyri Tanner work closely together; half of the meat is sold to restaurants, half to customers at home. Their Hereford cattle graze on about 100 hectares of meadows. Each of them owns about 100 heads of cattle. The meat is sold mostly in the form of minced meat and frozen, since the Finns love to eat minced meat. Sales are supported by an online store where their customers can simultaneously order goat milk from a small goat farm and gluten-free bread from a local bakery. Together with the purchase of the meat, the customers also receive recipes from the famous Finnish television chef Markus Maulavirta. They also promote their beef meat on buses in Helsinki with the controversial phrase »Better meat than on Tinder«, which is a Finnish online search-for-partner application. Although they received a warning from the Finnish ethical world regarding that, their boldness also gave them public visibility.



»We say that we cannot import the countryside, but we can deliver the countryside in small pieces to the customers' home.« Young farmer Jussi Harju

## Združeni v direktni prodaji kupcem

Laidun Hereford je blagovna znamka, pod katero se skriva kakovostno goveje meso izpod rok mladih finskih kmetov, ki so se združili pri direktni prodaji govejega mesa, z višjo dodano vrednostjo pri ceni. Mlada kmeta Jussi Harju in Jyri Tanner pri tem tesno sodelujeta. Polovico mesa prodata restavracijam, polovico kupcem na dom. Njuno govedo vrste Hereford se pase na približno 100 hektarjih travnikov. Vsak od njiju ima okoli 100 glav goveda. Meso prodajata večinoma v obliki mletega mesa in zamrznjeno, saj Finci mleto meso zelo radi jedo. Prodaja je podprtta s spletno trgovino, kjer lahko njihove stranke hkrati naročijo kozje mleko iz manjše kozje kmetije in kruh brez glutena iz lokalne pekarne. Skupaj z nakupom mesa kupci prejmejo tudi recepte slavnega finskega televizijskega kuharskega chefa Markusa Maulavirta. Svoje goveje meso promovirata tudi na avtobusih v Helsinki s kontroverznim stavkom »Boljše meso kot v Tinderju,« to je finski spletni aplikaciji za iskanje partnerja. Čeprav so zaradi tega prejeli opozorilo s strani finskega etičnega sveta, jim je držnost dala tudi prepoznavnost v javnosti.



»Pravimo, da ne moremo uvoziti podeželja, lahko pa podeželje v majhnih koščkih dostavimo na dom kupcev.« Mladi kmet Jussi Harju

## Blue potatoes, asparagus and tomato are a winning combination

In search of a better life, many young people in recent years are leaving Croatia's rural areas. However, Ines Dundović, an agronomist, and her partner, economist Jan Marinac, who is also the president of the Croatian Association of Young Farmers AGRO, have found their opportunity in agriculture. Among other they also produce asparagus, blue potatoes and industrial tomatoes. As the first market responses are excellent, they will expand the production. They made a business plan in order to obtain a loan for building of their own cold store, a drying room and a smaller processing plant. In the room next to the cold store there will be a packing room, in which they will pack dried tomatoes into bottles of oil. Due to the high demand from restaurants and other interested parties they decided to produce blue potatoes and asparagus, as these are unusual vegetable types for the continental part of Croatia. As one of the objectives, the young farmers set about creating a positive climate for entrepreneurship in agriculture.

»With continuous education and association the young farmers have a bright future.«  
Young farmers Jan and Ines

## Modri krompir, šparglji in paradižnik so zmagovita kombinacija.....

V iskanju boljšega življenja mnogi mladi v zadnjih letih zapuščajo hrvaške podeželske kraje. Ines Dundović, po stroki agronom, in njen partner ekonomist Jan Marinac, sicer tudi predsednik hrvaškega združenja mladih kmetov AGRO, pa sta svojo priložnost našla prav v kmetijstvu. Med drugim pridelujejo šparglje, modri krompir in industrijski paradižnik. Prvi odzivi trga so odlični, zato bosta pridelavo še razširila. Naredila sta poslovni načrt, da bi pridobila kredit za izgradnjo lastne hladilnice in sušilnice ter manjše predelovalnice. V prostoru poleg hladilnice bo pakirnica, v kateri bosta pakirala posušene paradižnike v steklenice z oljem. Zaradi velikega povpraševanja s strani restavracij in drugih zainteresiranih sta se odločila za pridelavo modrega krompirja in špargljev. Gre namreč za neobičajni vrsti zelenjave za kontinentalni del Hrvaške. Za enega od ciljev sta si mlada kmeta zadala ustvarjanje pozitivnega ozračja za podjetništvo v kmetijstvu.



»Z nenehnim izobraževanjem in združevanjem imajo mladi kmetje svetlo prihodnost.« Mlada kmeta Jan in Ines

## Useful links

Young Village Folk [www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk](http://www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk)  
Agricultural TV [www.poljoprivredna.tv](http://www.poljoprivredna.tv)  
Maaseutu Media [www.maaseutumedia.fi](http://www.maaseutumedia.fi)  
European Commission, Agriculture and Rural Development [https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/index\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/index_en)  
European Union. Agriculture. [https://europa.eu/europaeuropean-union/topics/agriculture\\_sl](https://europa.eu/europaeuropean-union/topics/agriculture_sl)  
European Commission, AGRI General Directorate [https://ec.europa.eu/info/departments/agriculture-and-rural-development\\_sl](https://ec.europa.eu/info/departments/agriculture-and-rural-development_sl)  
European Young Farmers Organization - CEJA [www.ceja.eu](http://www.ceja.eu)  
Association of Slovenian rural youth [www.zspm.si](http://www.zspm.si)  
European Network for Rural Development <https://enrd.ec.europa.eu>  
The European People's Party [www.eppgroup.eu](http://www.eppgroup.eu)

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## Additional Resources

*Eurostat: Agriculture, forestry and fishery statistics.* 2016. European Union: Belgium.

*Young Farmers are Key in the Future CAP.* 2017. European Council of Young Farmers: Brussels, Belgium. Available 20. 11. 2017 on <http://www.ceja.eu/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/Final-Young-Farmers-are-Key-in-the-Future-CAP-BW.pdf>

*Action Plan for working with young farmers 2016-2020.* 2016. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food, Republic of Slovenia: Velika Peca.

## Koristne povezave

Young Village Folk [www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk](http://www.rtvslo.si/youngvillagefolk)  
Poljoprivredna TV [www.poljoprivredna.tv](http://www.poljoprivredna.tv)  
Maaseutu Media [www.maaseutumedia.fi](http://www.maaseutumedia.fi)  
European Commission, Agriculture and Rural Development [https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/index\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/index_en)  
Evropska unija. Kmetijstvo. [https://europa.eu/europaeuropean-union/topics/agriculture\\_sl](https://europa.eu/europaeuropean-union/topics/agriculture_sl)  
Evropska komisija, Generalni direktorat AGRI [https://ec.europa.eu/info/departments/agriculture-and-rural-development\\_sl](https://ec.europa.eu/info/departments/agriculture-and-rural-development_sl)  
European Young farmers Organisation – CEJA [www.ceja.eu](http://www.ceja.eu)  
Zveza slovenske podeželske mladine [www.zspm.si](http://www.zspm.si)  
European Network for Rural Development <https://enrd.ec.europa.eu>  
Evropska ljudska stranka [www.eppgroup.eu](http://www.eppgroup.eu)

## O brošuri

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## Dodatni viri

*Eurostat: Agriculture, forestry and fishery statistics.* 2016. European Union: Belgium.

*Young Farmers are Key in the Future CAP.* 2017. European Council of Young Farmers: Brussels, Belgium. Dostopno 20. 11. 2017 na povezavi <http://www.ceja.eu/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/Final-Young-Farmers-are-Key-in-the-Future-CAP-BW.pdf>

*Akcijski načrt dela z mladimi kmeti 2016-2020.* 2016. Ministrstvo za kmetijstvo, gozdarstvo in prehrano, Republika Slovenija: Velika Peca.





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